Guidance:

The State should be able to demonstrate upon request its rationale and justification regarding these assurances. This section also addresses limitations on payments for certain expenditures and requirements for maintenance of effort.

8.4.	The State assures that it has made the following findings with respect to the cost sharing in its plan: (Section 2103(e))		
	8.4.1.	Cost-sharing does not favor children from higher income families over lower income families. (Section 2103(e)(1)(B)) (42 CFR 457.530)	
	<b>8.4.2.</b> $\boxtimes$	No cost-sharing applies to well-baby and well-child care, including age- appropriate immunizations. (Section 2103(e)(2)) (42 CFR 457.520)	
	8.4.3	No additional cost-sharing applies to the costs of emergency medical services delivered outside the network. (Section 2103(e)(1)(A)) (42 CFR 457.515(f))	
	<b>8.4.1- MHPAEA</b> There is no separate accumulation of cumulative financial requirements, as defined in 42 CFR 457.496(a), for mental health and substance abuse disorder benefits compared to medical/surgical benefits. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(iii))		
	<b>8.4.2- MHPAEA</b> If applicable, any different levels of financial requirements that are applied to different tiers of prescription drugs are determined based on reasonable factors, regardless of whether a drug is generally prescribed for medical/surgical benefits or menta health/substance use disorder benefits. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(ii)(A))		
	<b>8.4.3- MHPAEA</b> ⊠ Cost sharing applied to benefits provided under the State child health plan will remain capped at five percent of the beneficiary's income as required by 42 CFR 457.560 (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(D)).		
	<b>8.4.4- MHPAEA</b> Does the State apply financial requirements to any mental health or substance use disorder benefits? If yes, specify the classification(s) of benefits in which the State applies financial requirements on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits.		
	Y	'es (Specify: )	
	$\boxtimes$ N	Го	
	Guid	lance: For the purposes of parity, financial requirements include deductibles,	

Guidance: For the purposes of parity, financial requirements include deductibles, copayments, coinsurance, and out of pocket maximums; premiums are excluded from the definition. If the state does not apply financial requirements on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits, the state meets parity requirements for financial requirements. If the state does apply financial requirements to mental health or substance use disorder benefits, the state must conduct a parity analysis. Please continue below.

Please ensure that changes made to financial requirements under the State child health plan as a result of the parity analysis are also made in Section 8.2.

<b>8.4.5- MHPAEA</b> Does the State apply any type of financial requirements on any medical/surgical benefits?	
Yes	
□ No	
Guidance: If the State does not apply financial requirements on any medical/surgical benefits, the State may not impose financial requirements on mental health or substance use disorder benefits.	
<b>8.4.6- MHPAEA</b> Within each classification of benefits in which the State applies a type of financial requirement on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits, the State must determine the portion of medical and surgical benefits in the class which are subject to the limitation.	
☐ The State assures it has applied a reasonable methodology to determine the dollar amounts used in the ratio described above (Section 6.2.5.2-MHPAEA) for each classification or within which the State applies financial requirements to mental health or substance use disorder benefits. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(E))	
Guidance: Please include the state's methodology and results of the parity analysis as an attachment to the State child health plan.	
<b>8.4.7- MHPAEA</b> For each type of financial requirement applied to any mental health or substance use disorder benefits within a given classification, does the State apply the same type of financial requirement to at least two-thirds ("substantially all") of all the medical/surgical benefits within the same classification? (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(A))	
☐ Yes	
□ No	
Guidance: If the State does not apply a type of financial requirement to substantially all medical/surgical benefits in a given classification of benefits, the State may <i>not</i> impose financial requirements on mental health or substance use disorder benefits in that classification. $(42 \text{ CFR } 457.496(d)(3)(i)(A))$	
<b>8.4.8- MHPAEA</b> For each type of financial requirement applied to substantially all medical/surgical benefits in a classification, the State must determine the predominant level (as defined in 42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(B)) of that type which is applied to medical/surgical benefits in the classification. For each type of financial requirement applied to substantially all medical/surgical benefits in a classification, the State assures:	
The same reasonable methodology applied in determining the dollar amounts used in determining whether substantially all medical/surgical benefits within a classification are subject to a type of financial requirement also is applied in determining the dollar amounts used to determine the predominant level of a type of financial requirement applied to medical/surgical benefits within a classification. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(E))	

The level of each type of financial requirement applied by the State to mental health
or substance use disorder benefits in any classification is no more restrictive than the
predominant level of that type which is applied by the State to medical/surgical benefits
within the same classification. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(2)(i))

Guidance: If there is no single level of a type of financial requirement that exceeds the one-half threshold, the State may combine levels within a type of financial requirement such that the combined levels are applied to at least half of all medical/surgical benefits within a classification; the predominant level is the least restrictive level of the levels combined to meet the one-half threshold. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(B)(2))